O' DEVANEY GARDENS





Report of the Special Housing Task Force Dec. 08

O' DEVANEY GARDENS

Findings and Recommendations of the Special Housing Task Force on Housing Regeneration Projects

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1.0 Introduction

The City Council, consistent with government policy, is committed to the promotion and creation of balanced and sustainable communities. In particular, the City Council recognises the need for the delivery of quality, energy efficient, social / affordable / private housing together with retail, commercial, community and leisure facilities. In addition, the City Council recognises the importance of social inclusion and the need to change the social mix in areas of the city with a large number of local authority dwelling units and develop them as sustainable neighbourhoods in which to work and live.

In pursuit of this policy the City Council has adopted a holistic and strategic approach to the regeneration of the existing estates with the aim being the social and physical regeneration of the communities living in these areas

The City Council engaged with the local communities in a consultation process to determine a long term vision for the regeneration of these areas within the overall city context. This consultation resulted in Community Charters being agreed with the Community and the City Council. The City Council undertook a procurement process whereby it sought a partner to jointly redevelop and regenerate the areas on a design , build and finance basis, such that the agreed social, affordable and private re-development of the areas could take place.

Due to changed economic circumstances a number of these regeneration proposals are no longer viable under the Public Partnership Process. Nevertheless, the City Council is committed to the regeneration of the areas, and to this end has established a multi-disciplinary Special Housing Taskforce to examine all options for the successful regeneration of St. Michaels Estate, O'Devaney Gardens and Dominick Street.

Vision

Dublin City Council recognises the effort and commitment already given by all stakeholders on these projects in arriving at the agreed Request For Proposals (RFP) and Community Charters. The work of this Task Force has at all times sought to adhere to the broad principles of the previously agreed outcomes taking into consideration the changed economic climate.

The brief for the Task Force was to explore all alternative possible methods for the regeneration of St. Michaels Estate, O'Devaney Gardens and Dominick Street based on the principles contained in the original RFP and Community Charters and taking into account the changed economic climate.

In consideration of this process, it was necessary to re-affirm and redefine the fundamental visions for each area, prior to determining realistic delivery time frames and funding mechanisms for each regeneration area in the present economic climate.

In compiling this report the Task Force has at all times sought to be realistic in the proposed delivery timescales and associated costs.



Map Showing the strategic location of the three rejuvenation sites including O' Devaney Gardens located within the city centre area a short distance north of Heuston and east of the Phoenix Park

2.0 Site Description

The O'Devaney Gardens Local Authority flat complex was constructed in the 1950's consisted of 278 flats over 13 four storey blocks. The site is located approximately 1km west of the city centre and is bounded to the north by the North Circular Road, to the south by Montpelier Park, to the east by St. Bricin's Military Hospital and to the west by Montpelier Gardens. There are three vehicular entrances into the area, one off the Infirmary Road, the second off the North Circular Road and the third Thor Place from the Stoneybatter direction. The immediate area is currently predominantly residential in use with some office and small retail. The site has the benefit of the cities largest amenity "The Phoenix Park" located only yards away. The site currently consists of the Local Authority Flat Complex's a large portion of which have been detenanted plus a portion of land acquired by the City Council from the Department of Defence as part of the Affordable Housing Initiative. The entire site has an area of approximately 14 acres, including the St Bricin's site which has an area of approximately c. 1.5 acres. The Department of Defence donated the site known as "St. Bricin's" adjacent to O'Devaney Gardens to Dublin City Council for the provision of affordable housing. The entire site is zoned objective Z13 in the Dublin City Development Plan 2005-2011, that is "To seek the social, economic and physical rejuvenation of an area."

3.0 Planning Context

3.1 Development Plan Zoning Objectives

The site is zoned under the 2005 Dublin City Development Plan as Z13 to seek the social, economic and physical rejuvenation of the area. This designation indicates the importance of mixed-use development, full integration of proposals on site with the surrounding area and the importance of incorporating high quality public amenities as part of a regeneration. Under the Z13 zoning category, the following uses are included as permissible uses although under this designation other uses not stated can be considered on their merits:

Permissible Uses: Buildings for the health, safety and welfare of the public, Childcare, Cultural/Recreational Buildings, Education, Enterprise Centre, Hotel, Light Industry, Media Uses, Medical uses, Office, Residential, Shop (neighbourhood scale).

Surrounding zonings and designation of notice include:

Z2 Residential Conservation Zoning for the residential area adjoining to the north (properties along the North Circular Road which are additionally Protected Structures), to the south west (a housing area that adjoins Infirmary Road and is accessed from Montpelier Gardens) and extensively to the north east (a housing area of distinctive terraced housing extending to Oxmanstown Road and further east to Aughrim Street and Manor Street).

Z1 Residential Zoning for the housing area south of Montpelier Gardens and including the former Department of Defence Site which includes Protected Buildings and a Part 8 Planning Permission. The Part 8 is for an Affordable Housing (AHI) Scheme and Community Facilities.

Z12 Institutional Lands which incorporate the grounds of St Bricin's Military Hospital to the immediate east of the site. This zoning designation seeks to ensure that existing environmental amenities are protected in any future use of these lands. Part of these lands which directly adjoin O Devaney Gardens are included within the Z13 zoning.

Z9 Open Space and Recreation Amenity Zone including a Conservation Zone designation for the Phoenix Park which is a short distance to the south west of the site. At the junction of Infirmary Road and Parkgate Street, a gateway development for the Courts Service is at an advanced stage of construction on Department of Defence grounds. Other important Z9 zones close to the site include the Croppies Memorial Park

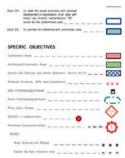
Z15 Institutional and Community Zoning for the historic sites of Collins Barracks and Arbour Hill to the south and McKee Barracks to the north.

Z5 City Centre Consolidation Zoning which seeks to consolidate and facilitate the development of the central area, and to identify, reinforce and strengthen and protect its civic design, character and dignity. This designation includes buildings and sites fronting Parkgate Street and the Heuston Station, all a short distance south of the site.

Z4 mixed use commercial zoning for the Park Shopping Centre off Prussia Street, one of the few such locations for shopping services over a wide residential area.







3.2 Area Demographic Analysis and Socio Economic Analysis.

An analysis of the local area population levels, age profiles and economic status are important indicators to highlight the character of the local community who can benefit from and importantly contribute to the success of a regeneration plan. It is important that adequate community facilities, support for family structures, facilities for the elderly, facilities for children and teenagers etc are considered and have relevance to the actual profile of the local community. Equally, such an analysis can indicate likely demand to invest in new housing opportunities, to gain employment, to support and initiate small business activities, to visit and support leisure, community and cultural facilities etc. The 2006 Census of Population was reviewed for the purposes of this study.

O Devaney Gardens is located within the District Electoral Ward (DED) of Arran Quay D. There are 4,292 persons recorded. 33% of that local population are within 25-39 age category, 26% in the 40-64, 16% in the 15-24, 15% in the 0-14 and 10% in the over 65 categories.

In the wider local area which includes the DED's of Arran Quay D, Arran Quay E, Arran Quay B, Cabra East C and Cabra West D, a total of 16,348 persons are recorded. 35% of that local population are within the 25-39 age category, 25% in the 40-64, 18% in the 15-24, 12% in the 0-14 and 10% in the over 65 category. Diagram 1 below illustrates these categories. Of the wider area local population, people within the combined ages of 20-39 comprise 48% of the overall population.

This is considered a positive indicator for the reasons of

- (a) a youthful population structure in the wider local area will help to strengthen a sense of neighbourhood both in the present and into the future
- (b) people within this category have a lot to contribute in both participating in and creating opportunities for community initiatives, cultural activities, leisure activities etc all of which provide character and identity for the local area
- (c) people within this age bracket are usually at an age of new household formation, looking for a first home, raising families, looking for opportunities to create a business or gain employment etc. All of these activities could have a positive interaction with opportunities created by new development in the locality whether they are of a residential, commercial or community character.

Diagram 2 illustrates this comparison.

The same wider local area was analysed for the economic status of the local community. The findings identified a total of 14,295 persons aged 15 and over and their status is summarised as; 58% are at work, 10% are retired, 10% are students, 7% are looking after the family home, 7% are unemployed, 5% are unable to work due to illness or disability, 2% are looking for first regular job and 1% in an "other" category.

Diagram 3 below illustrates these findings.

The high recording for those at work coupled with the young age cohorts are positive indicators for the regeneration of the site and its integration with the wider area.

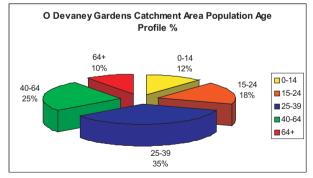


Diagram 1 : Population Age Categories

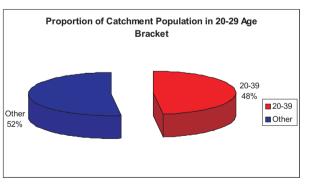


Diagram 2: Age Group Comparsion

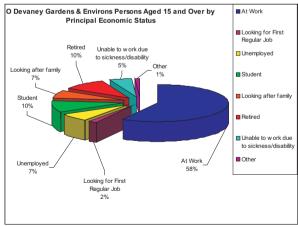


Diagram 3: Economic Status of Persons Aged 15 and over



Map from Transport 21 showing existing and future proposed rail routes close to O' Devaney Gardens

3.3 Transport Connections

The site benefits from strategic public transport access.

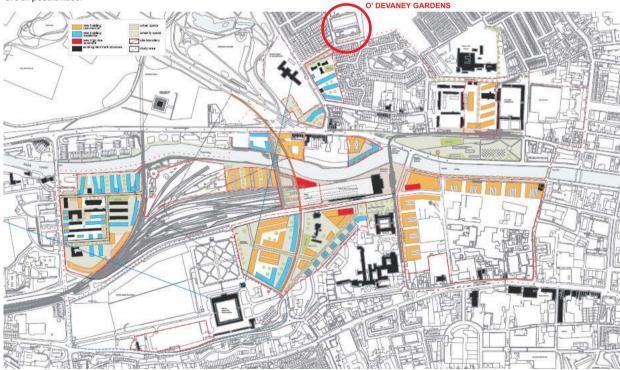
There is a bus service through the estate. From Infirmary Road, the No 10 and 10A bus services are accessed. From Parkgate Street, a short walking distance south of the site, there are a number of bus service connections to the city centre.

The existing Luas Red Line (Tallaght to Connolly Station) follows a route along Benburb Street a short walking route south of the site. The Collins Barracks Museum Station and Heuston Station are the closest stops to O Devaney Gardens. Heuston Station is a significant transportation node for the city offering Luas connections, bus connections and both Commuter and National rail connections. Future transportation proposals for this area include a station for the Dart Interconnector (proposed station at Victoria Quay). The Dart station will integrate with strategic transport connections at Heuston. These transport facilities provide advantages to connect the site strategically with city public transport.

3.4 Integration of the Site with Activities and Planning Initiatives in the Wider Area

The site is centrally positioned within the wider city centre context . To the south west of the location, significant new mixed use urban quarters are under development including the site of Clancy Barracks and the new Heuston South Quarter. These developments will provide locations of mixed use activity including residential, office, retail , commercial, hotel and leisure uses, cultural uses, community facilities, museums etc. The developments are deisgned to integrate with the surrounding area and encourage movement towards them through new streetscapes and new areas of public open space. In his way, important locations for the city's charcater such as the War Memorial Gradens,the River Liffey, the Phoenix Park and the Royal Hospital Kilmainham are being intergated and their proximity highlighted by these emerging quarters.

There are a number of other important opportunity development sites within this south west quarter of the city including the OPW site adjoining St John's Road West, the industrial lands of the Guinness Brewery adjoining Victoria Quay, the site of Hickey's Fabrics on Parkgate Street etc. These sites, including Clancy Barracks and the Heuston South Quarter sites are all part of the Heuston Framework Plan. This 2005 Plan set out a strategic vision for this western gateway to the city centre and recognised the importance of developing a vibrant zone to the west of the city to interact with the emergence of the docklands gateway to the east of the city centre. The River Liffey and Liffey Quays connects these two nodal points. As the Heuston quarter of the city developes and consolidates with a diverse range of city centre activities, the central location and close proximity of O' Devaney Gardens, at a location closer to the city than many of these sites such as Clancy Barracks, will become apparent. Future opportunities to interact with the activities at these locations and for synergies between key redevelopment sites in the general area should be recognised. For example movements from key city guarters such as Clancy Barracks towards Grangegorman and the core city centre area via a vibrant and rejuvenated O' Devaney Gardens are all possibilities.



Map from the Heuston Framework Plan showing the various opportunity sites

3.5 Proximity to the Grangegorman Framework Development Area.

Moving east from O'Devaney Gardens, the site has an opportunity to integrate with activities proposed for the Grangegorman lands. A gateway entrance to Grangegorman is envisaged from the North Circular Road, the same corridor that provides an entrance to O'Devaney Gradens. Moving through the residential streets east of O'Devaney Gardens towards Aughrim Street, Manor Street and Prussia Street will provide close access to the southern zone of Grangegorman.

The development of the St Brendan's Hospital grounds at Grangegorman in Dublin's North Inner City represents one of the largest urban design redevelopments undertaken in the city centre in recent decades. The site extends to over 30 hectares. The development of Grangegorman is project managed by the Grangegorman Development Agency who were established by the Government in 2005. Development of the lands is proposed under the process of a Strategic Development Zone (SDZ). The Draft Planning Scheme/ Strategic Plan for Grangegorman is under preparation and a Draft Masterplan was published in May 2008.

The development of the lands seeks to create a new city quarter which integrates a world class education campus with the surrounding neighbourhoods. With an existing student population of 22,000, the development at Grangegorman will create a large and central campus for all DIT activities. A specialist zone for learning, creativity, research and knowledge industries will be developed on the strength of the DIT facilities

Included within the mix of uses proposed are:

Education uses including third level and primary education.

Research and Development and other enterprise uses.

Cultural and civic uses including a community library and arts centre.

Student housing and elderly housing.

Health care facilities including Primary Care and Mental Health within a health care campus .

Significant recreation including sports fields and green corridors.

Integration of protected structures into new uses to provide character and identity.

Integration of public transport including the Luas Line D station at Broadstone.

The Masterplan concepts outlined for these lands include a height strategy of 2-8 storeys with special locations identified for height increases to define landmark locations. Two distinct gateways to the development are envisaged to the north west and south west for important health and education buildings respectively.

The planning and preparation stages of the Strategic Plan are envisaged to continue up to 2010 with the completion of key phases rolled out up to the year 2017.

3.6 Proximity to Other Important Character Areas

In addition to the strategic development zones of Heuston and Grangegorman to either side of the location, there are a number of character areas close to the location which are noteworthy for their accessibility from the site:

The development of the Courts Service Complex at the junction of Parkgate Street, Conyngham Road and Infirmary Road will create over 20,000 sq.m of courts and legal professional activities within short distance of the site. A significant amount of employment will be created by the presence of this facility. Opportunities for associated commercial activity, demand for office space etc are all possibilities which this development offers to the local area.

The former Department of Defence site on Infirmary Road has permission for the development of affordable housing, medical facilities and community services. The development of this site and the opportunity to integrate the site's special character (the historic buildings on site) with the adjoining streets (Infirmary Road and Montpelier Gardens) provides opportunities for interaction with the O Devaney Gardens site.

The site is located close to Collins Barracks and Smithfield is a short distance further east (all connected by the Luas corridor). The redevelopment of the Aishling Hotel on Parkgate Street, in addition to the close proximity of Heuston, the Phoenix Park, the Royal Hospital Kilmainham and future proposed cultural uses under the Heuston Framework Plan highlights the importance of the area for culture, history, tourists and associated services.



Map from the Heuston Framework Plan showing the various opportunity sites



Image of Courts Complex under construction

4.0 Challenges for O' Devaney Gardens:

The challenges identified for O' Devaney Gardens provide a focus for key issues that a redevelopment strategy can address. The key challenges identified are:

- O'Devaney Gardens has a central location within the city and is close to key character areas of the city including the North Circular Road, the residential character area around Oxmanstown, the village of Stoneybatter, Heuston Station etc. Despite the central location, the estate has an isolated character and feels isolated from its neighbouring areas.
- The site has a back to back and defensive boundary character with the surrounding housing area, in particular at the interface with rear gardens of properties fronting the North Circular Road and the boundary to the west with Findlater Street. The physical character of these boundaries adds to the impression of isolation.
- The street pattern adjoining the estate, particularly to the east, has a grid pattern of connecting streets with strong character. Three cul de sacs adjoin the boundary and provide a visual link towards the streets to the west but do not otherwise provide a permeable route to connect with such areas as Oxmanstown Road and Stoneybatter further east.
- The site does contain a north to south connection between the North Circular Road and Montpelier Gardens and an east to west route between the North Circular Road and Moira Road. Apart from a local access need however, there is little incentive to attract movement through the estate. Opportunities such as amenity and recreation on site serving the wider local community or mixed use commercial development serving the wider local community are not used. Without an attraction or association of the site with a wider neighbourhood function, the inward looking nature of the site is reinforced.
- The North Circular Road entrance to the estate is somewhat hidden with respect to announcing an arrival or entrance to a character area. The first visual impressions on entering the estate are the defensive boundaries to the rear of the NCR dwellings and the vacant retail units. The first visual impressions of the site when viewed from the NCR should be high quality and encourage movement through the estate.
- The frontage and entrance to the estate from Montpelier Gardens does not encourage outside movement through the estate. This entrance is close to Infirmary Road and has views towards the Wellington Monument in the Phoenix Park. The important location and advantages of the south boundary should be recognised to encourage movement and interest with the location.

5.0 Opportunities for O' Devaney Gardens:

A redevelopment should provide the estate with the opportunity to play an integral role in the functions and activities serving the wider local community and in addition recognise that as a new urban quarter, the redeveloped area has an important role to play in interacting with other strategic city centre zones.

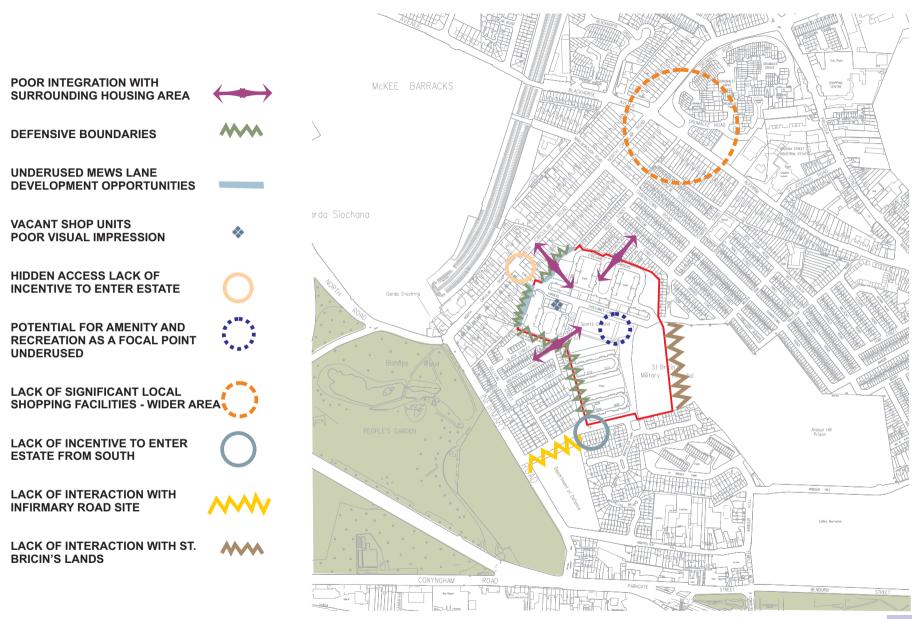
The opportunities for the estate include:

- Creating a new high quality urban environment that connects with the adjoining neighbourhood and has the character of natural integration with the adjoining urban form. In this regard permeability and encouragement of movement, by the mix of uses and quality of the new areas created, are important opportunities.
- Within the local area, the wider residential area does not have a central neighbourhood park (the Phoenix Park is in close proximity but a neighbourhood scaled focal point is the emphasis suggested here), a convenient distribution of local shopping facilities or convenient access to a central area for community facilities. With the possibilities for connections and integration that the site offers, new public parks, neighbourhood shopping and neighbourhood facilities will encourage connections and provide valuable services and amenities for the local area.
- The rear lanes adjoining dwellings fronting the NCR and backland sites could be transformed with appropriate mews type development. Where long wall boundaries exist, the opportunity to adjoin such boundaries with appropriate scaled back to back housing will remove the appearance of defensive boundaries. There are opportunities therefore to create a more attractive streetscape environment.
- The two main entrances to the estate, from the NCR and Montpelier Gardens, can become important gateway entrances and encourage movement through the regenerated area. Proposals can be subtle but creative to create a positive first visual impression of the site.
- New streetscapes through the site create possibilities to interact with nearby sites and activity areas including the Courts Services and a possible spin off demand for services, nearby offices, nearby residential units for employees etc. Development of the Dep. of Defence site offers opportunity for the Infirmary Road and Montpelier Road boundaries to become more active and encourage linked trips between O'Devaney Gardens and that site. Future opportunities on the site of St Bricin's would have a direct interaction with the south and east boundaries of the site. All these opportunities combined highlight the future activity levels and opportunities for linkages with the site.

- Of strategic importance, the site is within comfortable walking distance of Grangegorman, the development of which envisages permeable connections with the neighbouring communities sharing its boundaries including Stoneybatter and the adjoining area. Permeable access through O'Devaney Gardens can connect with historic residential streetscapes in the direction of Stoneybatter which in turn will have connections to the significant medical, educational, employment, cultural and recreational uses proposed at Grangegorman. Additionally both the site and Grangegorman have gateway access from the NCR.
- As the opportunity sites identified under the Heuston Framework Plan advance, the site is within close walking distance to significant mixed use development zones and strategic public transport. In addition, the cultural attractions of the local area including Collins Barracks, the Phoenix Park, Royal Hospital Kilmainham, the River Liffey etc are all important amenities for the city and are all accessible from this location.

The following two diagrams illustrate these points

O' DEVANEY GARDENS - CHALLENGES



OPEN THE SITE-FULL INTEGRATION WITH THE LOCAL AREA



MIXED USES ON SITE TO BENEFIT THE . WIDER NEIGHBOURHOOD



NEW RECREATION AND AMENITY TO BENEFIT THE WIDER NEIGHBOURHOOD



RESPECTFUL INTEGRATION WITH **ESTABLISHED CHARACTER**



PROMOTE WALKING ROUTES AND **CONNECTIONS TO PUBLIC TRANSPORT**



COURTS COMPLEX-SIGNIFICANT EMPLOYMENT AND ASSOCIATED SERVICES CLOSE TO SITE



INFIRMARY ROAD SITE-OPPORTUNITIES FOR MUTUAL BENEFITS WITH BOTH RE-DEVELOPMENTS



ST.BRICIN'S-SIGNIFICANT CHARACTER- POSSIBLE **FUTURE OPPORTUNITIES AND** INTEGRATION WITH WIDER AREA



VISUAL LINKS TO PHOENIX PARK-IMPORTANT FOR CHARACTER AND HIGHLIGHT CLOSE PROXIMITY

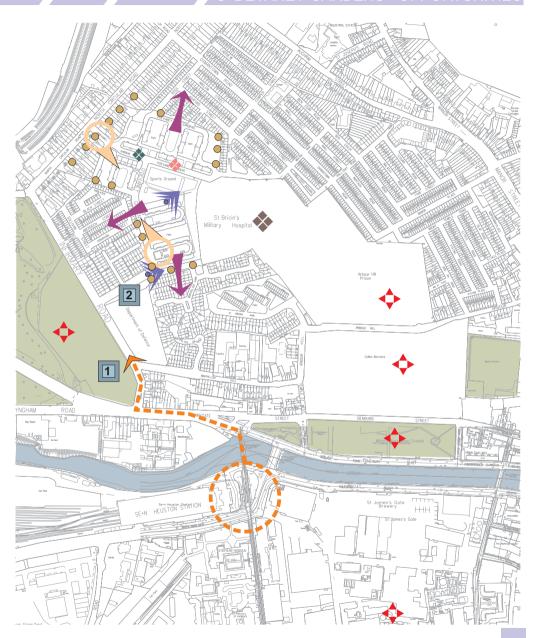


SIGNIFICANT CULTURAL TOURIST AND HISTORICAL LOCATIONS CLOSE TO SITE



IMPROVE ENTRANCE POINTS TO THE **ESTATE TO ENCOURAGE MOVEMENT** THROUGH THE AREA





O' DEVANEY GARDENS

6.0 Comments on Development Potential

Whilst the property market in the city experienced significant growth in the last 10 years, the area immediately surrounding O'Devaney Gardens did not benefit from this. Land values and residential property prices increased, however, there were no large residential developments in this vicinity, with development occurring along Conyngham Road/Islandbridge and towards Smithfield direction. O'Devaney Gardens is predominately a residential site in a predominately residential location, however there is development potential for a commercial element.

Apart from the commercial development currently under construction on Infirmary Road with the provision of the new Court Complex, very little quality office space is available in this area. A number of small local shops are situated on North Circular Road/Infirmary Road and in the Stoneybatter area. The area is serviced by one large supermarket retailer located in the dated neighbourhood shopping facility on Prussia Street and apart from this residents have to travel to Phibsboro Shopping Centre or to the City Centre.

The O'Devaney Gardens site could provide a valuable opportunity for the provision of a new neighbourhood centre to include a supermarket retailer in the area which would attract customers from Cabra, Navan Road and even Phibsboro direction into the site. This form of development would also support several smaller ancillary units.

The area is well serviced by public transport links including close proximity to Heuston railway station, the Tallaght Luas line, a public bus service and road networks including Conyngham Road, North Circular Road and Navan Road.

The benefits of being located 2kms from the City Centre, being well serviced by transport facilities and adjacent to the Phoenix Park all contribute to the possibility of residential development. The future development of the DIT campus at Grangegorman nearby and the possible redevelopment of the land at St. Bricin's Military Hospital are both exciting opportunities that any future development at O'Devaney Gardens could benefit from.

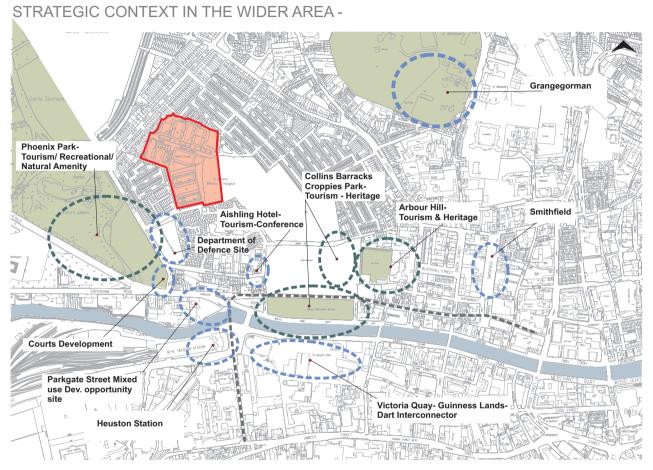




Image 1: Entering the site from North Circular Road. Image 2: Vacant former shop units within O The entrance is located along a street fronted by Devaney Gardens provides the first visual Protected Structures and is adjoined by the gable impression of the estate on entering from the NCR. ends and rear garden areas of two end of terrace It is important for the rejuvenation to provide a high properties. The entrance is somewhat "hidden" with quality development that invites and encourages respect to on obvious visual marker from the NCR. movement The rejuvenation provides opportunities however to frame new vistas looking into the site from the NCR to encourage movement in.





formerly part of the St Bricin's lands have been set centre of O Devaney Gardens. aside for affordable housing. This site will integrate with the rejuvenation proposals.



Image 7: An area of land to the east of the site and Image 8: The existing surface playing area in the



Image 13: View of the Courts Development under construction to the south west of O Devaney Gardens and fronting onto the Infirmary Road/ Parkgate Street Junction. This view is taken from within the Former Dep. Of Defence Site on Infirmary Road (which has a Part 8 grant of permission in place). The courts complex will create generate significant activity levels for the local area including potential opportunity for supporting uses such as local offices, shopping, cafes etc. Ideas for the rejuvenation of O Devaney Gardens in terms of uses and support for uses should benefit from this local investment



Image 3: Example of the existing character of apartment blocks within O Devaney Gardens.



Image 4: The historic buildings fronting the NCR provide a strong character to that street. The interface between the rear of these properties and the site is less successful however. Defensive boundary conditions and poor visual quality of the backland area is a challenge for the rejuvenation to address. There may be positive infill development opportunities to open mews lanes and encourage developments that face each other to aid integration.



are sensitive areas and appropriate uses and scale direction of Moira Road). of development should be promoted adjoining them



Image 9: The housing area to the west of the site Image 10: View of the street connecting O Devaney (Findlater Street) shares a long common boundary. Gardens to Montpiller Gardens, This street provides Similar to the interface with other boundaries, the an important north to south connection through the character here is defensive and reinforces the sense site and connects in turn with the east to west route of isolated character for the site. All these boundaries between the NCR and housing to the north east (in the



urban grain format. These streets adjoin the site but residential areas adjoining O Devaney Gardens are closed off to direct access. The streets stop at the site boundary with the resulting open areas and apartment blocks within O Devaney gardens contrasting somewhat with this character. The promotion of integration, be it physical or even visual, between the site and this residential area to the east is important to lessen the current isolated character of the estate from its surroundings.



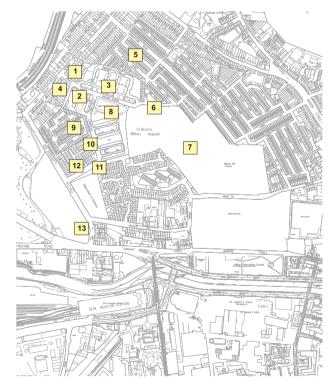
Image 5 The residential streets to the east of the site in Image 6: View looking from the site towards Moira the direction of Oxmanstown Road provide strong Road showing the intimate streetscape character of local character with terraces of cottages in a tight that street which is representative of the wider

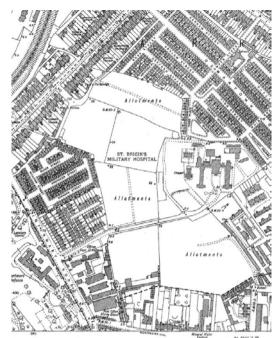


Gardens. The road connects the entrance of St Montpelier Gardens Bricin's Military Hospital to Infirmary Road. The view looking west (moving from the site towards Infirmary Road) is aligned with the Wellington Monument. This provides a positive visual reference for how close this location is to the significant amenities of the Phoneix Park and in addition Government Departments such as the Dep. of Defence (again close to the site). The view below shows the south residential blocks of O Devaney Gardens and to the right side of the view the boundary with the Infirmary Road former Dep of Defence site. A Part 8 application for residential units, medical and community facilities is established on the site.

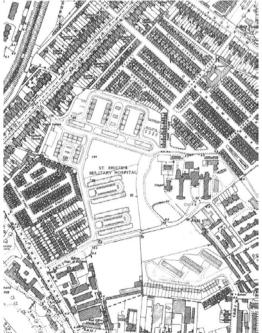


Image 11: View along Montpelier Gardens which Image 12: Example of established housing character provides an entrance to the south of O Devaney to the east of the west of the site accessed from





St Bricins Military Hospital 1943



O'Devaney Gardens Housing Development 1966



EXISTING OCCUPANCY 2008

EXISTING STRUCTURES ON SITE

KEY:-

1.0 HOUSING

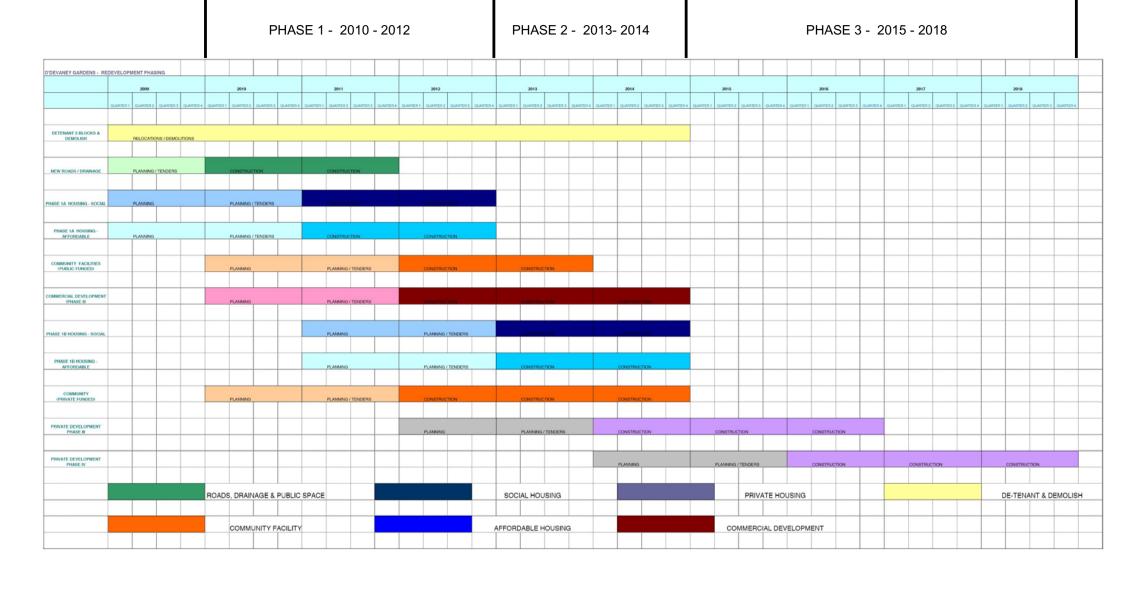
2.0 SPORTS GROUND

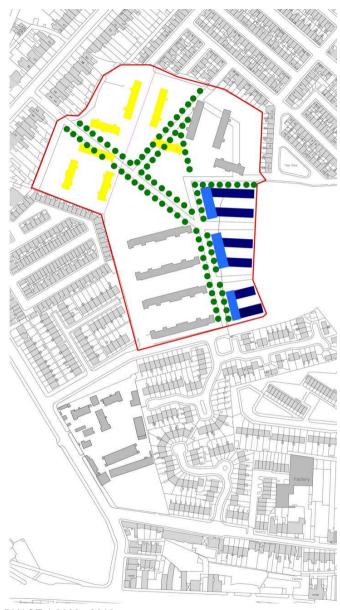
3.0 CRECHE

4.0 DEMOLITIONS

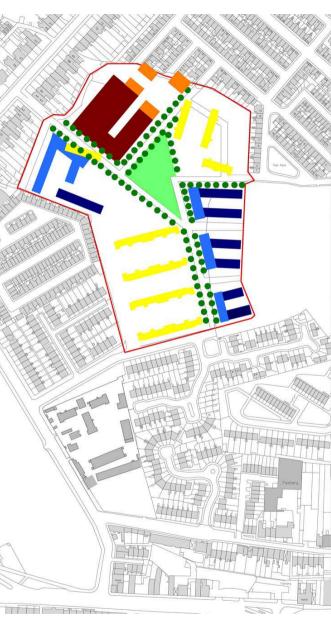
5.0 PROPOSED TEMPORARY PLAYGROUNDS

Original RFP	Preferred Bidder Proposal	2 nd Bidder Proposal	Dublin City Council Proposal
280 Social, 250 Affordable units, and Market number private units	√ 823	✓ 996	500 private, social and affordable units
Community Centre – 2000 sq.m	✓ 2600 Sq. M.	✓ 2760 Sq. M.	1750 Sq. M. – as per design sub group brief
Creche facilities – to be to development plan standards spread across site	✓	✓	Creche facilities – 1200 sq.m. across site, min. individual area 400 Sq. M.
Commercial retail – 5% of GIFA alongside community facilities	✓ 900 Sq. M.	✓ 840 Sq. M.	Commercial retail – 2,500 sq.m anchor unit and ancillary retail units.
Temporary Community Facility – 750 Sq. M.	New Community Centre in Phase 1	✓	New Public Open Space – 2,800 sq.m to act as focal point for wider community, and assist in establishing new Village centre.
Relocation of existing playing pitch to roof of community centre	Rooftop pitch	Ground level pitch	
Creche (2 no.) – 1,200 sq.m			Creche (2 no.) - 1,200 sq.m
			✓
New development to create a new village / centre of gravity for wider community in hinterland of O'Devaney Gardens and to be inclusive of surrounding areas in uses and occupancies. Regeneration to encourage new linkages to city.	Dozani From Masterplan 1250		New development to create a new village / centre of gravity for wider community in hinterland of O'Devaney Gardens and to be inclusive of surrounding areas in uses and occupancies. Regeneration to encourage new linkages to city.
			Dublin City Council to prepare design codes for : •Inclusion of the fundamental principles of the RFP
	The state of the s		Define the design standards required for all future development
		2	Establishing detailed development requirements and deliverables for materials, areas, services, finishes, maintenance, performance specifications, etc.
		an Entitle	Identify key standards and codes to be adhered to in design and construction, along with mechanisms for verification of compliances delivery throughout the life of the project.
	- to the state of	B. All ton The All The	establishing management and maintenance standards and regimes to ensure successful implementation of the project after completion.





PHASE 1 2009 –2012 Phase 1 of Social & Affordable Housing development Establish new street pattern & services De-Tenant 2 additional blocks



PHASE 2 2013 –2014
Phase 2 of Social & Affordable Housing, Commercial
Development with Community Facilities & Rooftop Pitch
Establish new "village green" & playground
De-Tenant and demolish remaining blocks



PHASE 3 2015 –2018 Phase 3 of Affordable / Private Housing Complete landscaping,& area upgrade

TREES

CARS

PEDESTRIANS

PROSPECTS

RECREATION

COMMUNITY FACILITIES

RETAIL / COMMERCIAL

HERITAGE/CULTURAL BUILDING



URBAN FORM - HEIGHT STRATEGY

REINFORCE PRINCIPLES OF THE RFP:

Intergration with the wider area to create a new focal point for the hinterland.

Permeability through the site.

Provision of suitable community facilities

Height strategy for redevelopment throughout the site.

2-3 storey development maximum adjoining north east and south west boundaries.

Development to be informed by rich local history /heritage

Maximise own door access Social housing.

High quality public spaces to include; liveable streets, public plaza, high quality open spaces All new Units to comply with Development Plan standards, and Building Regulations



URBAN FORM - PROPOSED LAND USAGE











PROPOSED URBAN FORM - 3 DIMENSIONAL MODEL

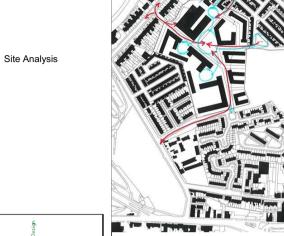




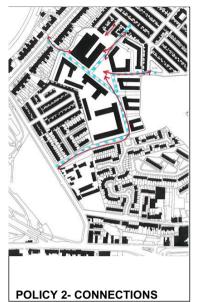
EXISTING FIGURE AND GROUND 2008

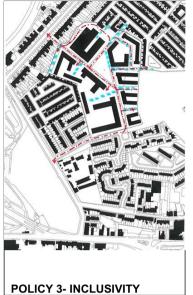


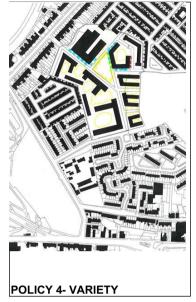
PROPOSED FIGURE AND GROUND 2018



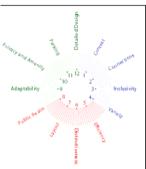
POLICY 1- CONTEXT

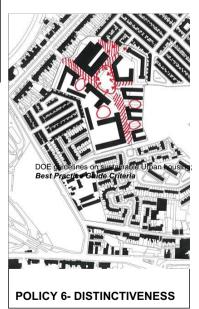


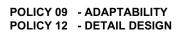


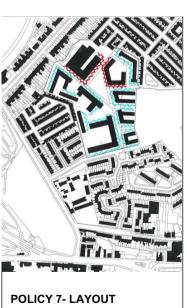


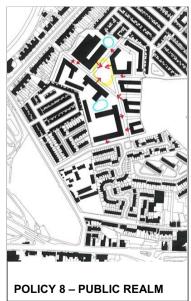


















- to be established as part of the Design Code

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SUMMARY

This Taskforce was convened in August 2008 to examine the options available for the successful regeneration of the Dublin City Council Housing Estates at St. Michaels Estate Inchicore, O'Devaney Gardens and Dominick Street.

A Multi-disciplinary team was formed comprising members from the Housing Dept, City Architects, the Planning Dept, and Valuers Section. The work of this team involved re-examining the commitments contained within the Request For Proposal's (RFP) and community charters, and examining ways in which to deliver the main agreed principles in each case.

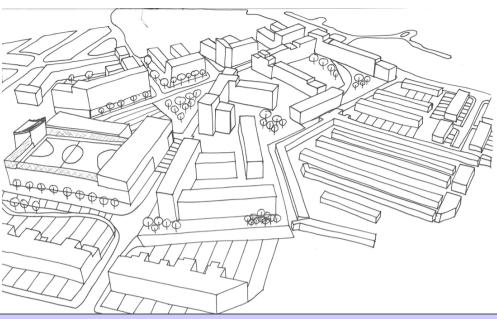
In re-examining these projects it was necessary to have regard to the changed economic climate and in particular to changes in the residential housing market. The need to re-examine each of the projects also presented an opportunity to propose enhancements to each project, in particular for the delivery of public open space, commercial development and overall densities. Where changes to the original RFP's are proposed, reasons and benefits for the changes are provided.

However the proposals do maintain the original objectives for these sites in seeking to promote the creation of balanced sustainable communities, with a mix of commercial and community uses, social, affordable and private housing and establishing appropriately scaled public open spaces.

These proposals differ fundamentally from the original Public Private Partnership process in that the projects are not developer led. It has therefore been necessary to review deliverables and timeframes, and each development will require frontloaded funding in order to deliver the proposed regeneration over time. Dublin City Council are proposing to seek Department funding for the social and affordable housing element and some of the community structures in each area, and to develop an agreed site master plan for commercial and private residential developments when the market is ready. It is envisaged that the release of equity from the sites will contribute to the funding of these projects.

The proposals contained in this report seek to be realistic in terms of what can be achieved, over what timeframe and at what cost. There is also a commitment to maintaining the quality in each scheme and proposed enhancements where appropriate.

The proposals are now put before the Council and if agreed will form an integral part of the City Council's Housing Action Plan. Overall delivery and funding is subject to the necessary approval of the Department of the Environment Heritage and Local Government.



O'Devaney Garden's

Summary of next steps

2008

01-12-08 Presentation to City Council 02-12-08 Presentation to Regeneration Board

2009

- •Preparation of Project Brief for funding application to DoEHLG
- •De-tenant and demolish the two blocks to north-west corner of site.
- Delineation of central triangle and development of roads and services infrastructure...
- •Design development and preparation of Part 8 documentation for first phase of residential development on St Bricin's element of site.
- •Drafting of Design Development Brief for mixed use commercial site at North Circular Road end of site

2010

- •Go to market with commercial site
- •Design development and preparation of tender documentation for first phase of residential development on St Bricin's element of site.

2011

•Go to tender/ start on site first phase of residential development.